

Installation and Configuration

Windows NT Operating System



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Overview

This subsection discusses the following topics:

- How to locate the latest version of the NS-Link device driver and related installation documentation.
- Information about NS-Link, such as:
 - Installation quick reference for experienced users.
 - NS-Link hardware, software, and device connectivity requirements.
 - IP or MAC addressing issues.
 - Overview of port sharing.

How to Use this Document

You can use the interactive *Table of Contents* to locate the information you need. <u>Red</u>, underscored items are links to URLs. <u>Blue</u>, underscored items are links within this document or to another document on the media.

Note: If you copy this document from the ftp/web or CD and do not use the procedure discussed on the CD, you will get an error message when selecting hyperlinks outside of this document.

Locating Hardware Installation Documentation

Use the hardware installation documentation to install the hardware before installing NS-Link. The hardware installation documentation is available on the Comtrol CD ships with your product or you can download the current version from the ftp site using the following links.

- <u>DeviceMaster RTS Hardware Installation and Configuration</u> or <u>ftp://ftp.comtrol.com/Dev_Mstr/RTS/HW_Doc/RTS-Install.pdf</u>.
- <u>RocketPort Serial Hub ia Hardware Installation</u> document or <u>ftp://ftp.comtrol.com/RPSH_ia/HW_Doc/2000169.pdf</u>).
- <u>RocketPort Serial Hub Si 2-Port Hardware Installation</u> document or <u>ftp://ftp.comtrol.com/RPSH_Si/HW_Doc/2_Port/2000153A.pdf</u>.

Locating NS-Link Software and Installation Documentation

You can download the latest NS-Link device driver updates at no charge from the Comtrol web site at: <u>http://support.comtrol.com/download.asp</u>. Always check the web or ftp sites to make sure that you have the current driver and documentation. The software files that you download from the web site are self-extracting zipped files that you must extract before installing.

The Comtrol CD that ships with your product can streamline the installation of your product. When loaded on a system running a Microsoft operating system, the CD opens a menu system (unless the autorun feature is disabled).

Note: If the autorun feature has been disabled, open the *Readme.pdf* file at the root of CD to start the menu system.

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NS-Link Overview

	The following subsections to review before installat		ures and top	ics that you may want
NS-Link Installation - Quick Reference	 If you are familiar with installing Comtrol software, you can use the following procedure as a quick reference: Install the hardware. Run the self-extracting NS-Link file. If necessary, remove the existing NS-Link device driver. Install NS-Link and the configure the port characteristics in NS-Link setup. Shut down and restart the system. If necessary, program the IP address into the device. Connect your serial devices. 			
NS-Link Requirements	 This subsection discusses following hardware platfie DeviceMaster[™] RTS Note: Install the NS ports. You can installation. If you want to do not need to and Configuration. RocketPort[®] Serial He The NS-Link driver require operating systems: Microsoft[®] Windows[®] Access Service and Mathematical Mathematical	s installing and configu orms: <i>Link driver if you war</i> a also configure the port configure the port for s install NS-Link. See the ation Guide for socket c Iub ia or RocketPort Se	nt to use the p ts as sockets ocket mode o he <u>DeviceMa</u> onfiguration erial Hub Si ystem runnin S is required o 256 RAS po	ports as native COM after the NS-Link r serial tunneling, you ster RTS Installation information. ng one of the following to support Remote
Connectivity Requirements	An Ethernet connection, either to an Ethernet hub or to a network interface card (NIC) in the host system. See the hardware installation documentation (Page 5) for information regarding hardware installation.			
	Product Type	Connected to	Ethernet Cable	Connector
	DeviceMaster RTS 1	Ethernet hub or NIC	Standard	10/100 ETHERNET
	DeviceMaster RTS 1 Embedded	Ethernet hub or NIC	Standard	RJ45 port
	DeviceMaster RTS 4/8/	NIC	Standard	DOWN
	16 with external power supply	Ethernet hub	Standard	UP
	DeviceMaster 16/32RM with internal power supply	Ethernet hub or NIC	Standard	10/100 NETWORK

Product Type	Connected to	Ethernet Cable	Connector	
RocketPort Serial Hub	NIC	Crossover	Network	
ia	Ethernet hub	Standard	INCLWOIK	
RocketPort Serial Hub	NIC	Crossover	10/100BASE-T	
Si (2-Port)	Ethernet hub	Standard	10/100DASE-1	

IP or MAC Addressing Issues

This is an overview of IP and MAC addressing issues that may affect how you configure the Comtrol device with a brief discussion of advantages of either method.

The IP addressing scheme has the following advantages:

- Uses an industry standard protocol.
- Allows you to configure systems to use ports on the Comtrol device that are outside of the host system's Ethernet segment.
- *Note:* This IP address must be a unique reserved IP address, do not use an address from a dynamic address pool. If necessary, see the system administrator for an IP address.

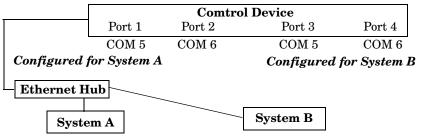
The MAC addressing method has the following advantages:

- Simplifies implementation and ongoing support by eliminating the address administration issues inherent in network protocols. MAC addresses are predefined by Comtrol and there is no potential for an "address conflict" at setup.
- It is isolated from foreign LAN segments minimizing potential security issues.

Using the Port Sharing Feature

The Comtrol device can be shared with multiple systems on a network. To do so, follow the *Installing NS-Link* discussion for each system that you want to permit access to the serial ports.

You can implement the port sharing feature in several ways. You can share the same port with multiple systems or you can set up multiple systems to share specific ports on the Comtrol device.



COM port names must be unique to each system.

Example: Multiple systems can use the same COM port names. To configure two ports for System A and two ports for System B, you could configure the drivers like this:

- 1. When installing NS-Link on System A, select "Not Configured" for the COM port names for Ports 3 and 4.
- 2. When installing NS-Link on System B, select "Not Configured" for the COM port names for Ports 1 and 2.
- **Note:** Most applications do not release ports, so you may not be able to use port sharing across multiple systems with the same port. Also, if using port sharing, make sure that two computers do not try to access the same port at the same time. Only one computer can control a given port at a given time.

NS-Link Installation and Configuration

This subsection discusses the following installation and configuration issues:

- Removing an existing driver
- <u>Installing</u> the software
- <u>Verifying</u> the installation
- <u>Programming</u> the IP addresses
- <u>Changing</u> configuration parameters
- Adding additional Comtrol devices to an existing configuration
- <u>Replacing</u> devices

Removing an Existing Driver

Use the following procedure to remove the existing driver. If updating (not reconfiguring) NS-Link for Windows NT, make sure that you remove the existing version before installing an updated driver.

- *Note:* Using the **Remove** button on the Comtrol Main Setup sheet only discards the software configuration, it does not remove the software.
- 1. Right-click on the Network Neighborhood, and select Properties.

etwork		?
Identificat	ion Services Protocols	Adapters Bindings
	Windows uses the following computer on the network. A this computer and the workg appear in.	You may change the name for

- 2. Select the Adapters tab.
- 3. Highlight **Comtrol NS-Link** and select the **Remove** button.
- 4. Select Yes to the warning that notifies you that this will permanently remove the driver.
- 5. Select the **Close** button. Several messages display as the system updates.
- 6. Select the **Yes** option to shut down and restart the system, so that your changes take effect.

After removing the existing driver, use the following subsection to install a new version.

dentification Se <u>N</u> etwork Adapte	ervices Protocols ers:	Adapters Bin	dings
(1) 3Com Fa	ast EtherLink XL A NS Link	dapter (3C905)	
<u>A</u> dd	<u>R</u> emove	Properties	<u>U</u> pdate
Item Notes:			
controtes.			
	Port Serial Hub Si		
	Port Serial Hub Si		
	Port Serial Hub Si		
	Port Serial Hub Si		
	Port Serial Hub Si		
	Port Serial Hub Si	ΟΚ	Cance

Installing the NS-Link Device Driver

Use the following procedures to install NS-Link for Windows NT 4.0 operating systems.

Note: If updating NS-Link, first <u>remove</u> the existing version of NS-Link. Do **not** use the **Update** option.

The following procedures assume that you have already:

- 1. Installed the hardware.
- 2. Determined that the hardware is working properly.

Model	How to tell if the hardware is working properly:
	• The Status LED on the front of the unit is lit, which indicates that it has power and has completed the boot cycle.
DeviceMaster RTS 1-Port	Note: The Status LED flashes while booting and it takes approximately 15 seconds for the bootloader to complete the cycle.
	• The red Link Act LED is lit, which indicates a working Ethernet connection.
	• If the red Duplex LED is lit, it indicates full-duplex activity.
	• If the red 100 LED is lit, it indicates a working 100 MB Ethernet connection (100 MB network, only).
	The LEDs are located between the RJ45 connector and the power terminal block.
DeviceMaster RTS 1-Port	• The amber Status LED (D1) on the adapter is lit, which indicates that it has power and has completed the boot cycle
	Note: The Status LED flashes while booting and it takes approximately 15 seconds for the bootloader to complete the cycle.
Embedded	• The red Link Act LED (D2) is lit, which indicates a working Ethernet connection.
	• If the red Duplex LED is lit, it indicates full-duplex activity.
	• If the red 100 LED is lit, it indicates a working 100 MB Ethernet connection (100 MB network, only).
	• The PWR LED on the front of the unit is lit, which indicates it has power and has completed the boot cycle.
DeviceMaster RTS 4/8/16 With External Power Supply	Note: The PWR LED flashes while booting and it takes approximately 15 seconds for the bootloader to complete the cycle.
	• The red LNK/ACT LED is lit, which indicates a working Ethernet connection.
	• If the red 100 LED is lit, it indicates a working 100 MB Ethernet connection (100 MB network, only).

Model	How to tell if the hardware is working properly:
	• The Status LED on the front of the unit is lit, which indicates it has power and has completed the boot cycle.
DeviceMaster RTS 16/32RM With Internal Power Supply	Note: The Status LED flashes while booting and it takes approximately 15 seconds for the bootloader to complete the cycle.
	• The red LNK/ACT LED is lit, which indicates a working Ethernet connection.
	• If the red Duplex LED is lit, it indicates full-duplex activity.
	• If the red 100 LED is lit, it indicates a working 100 MB Ethernet connection (100 MB network, only).
	• The yellow PWR LED is flashing, which means that the device is waiting for the driver installation.
RocketPort Serial Hub <i>ia</i>	Note: If the PWR LED is lit, it means that the device driver has loaded.
	• The green LNK LED is lit, which indicates a working Ethernet connection.
	• The yellow ACT LED flashes, which indicates Ethernet activity on the network.
RocketPort	• The Power LED in the front of the unit is flashing, which indicates that the device is waiting for the driver installation.
Serial Hub Si 2-port	<i>Note:</i> If the <i>Power LED</i> is lit, it means that the device driver has loaded.
	• Both 10/100BASE-T LEDs are lit, which indicates a working Ethernet connection.

3. If necessary, unzip the self-extracting files from the Comtrol media or ftp/web site (*Locating NS-Link Software and Installation Documentation* on Page 5).

Note: The self-extracting zip file name has this format: 1800031#.exe, where # represents an alphabetic version such as E or F.

Double-click on the file name and follow the Winzip wizard, which creates a subdirectory on your hard drive and extracts the files.

4. Right-click on the Network Neighborhood, and select Properties.



5. Select the Adapters tab and then the Add button.

etwork			?)
Identification 3	Services Protocols	Adapters Bir	ndings
<u>N</u> etwork Adap	ters:		
💷 [1] 3Com	EtherLink 10/100 PC	I NIC (3C905B-	IX)
<u>A</u> dd	Remove	Properties	<u>U</u> pdate
Item Notes:			

6. Select the Have Disk button.

Select N	etwork Adapter
H	Click the Network Adapter that matches your hardware, and then click OK. If you have an installation disk for this component, click Have Disk.
<u>N</u> etwork	Adapter:
■9 3Cc ■9 3Cc ■9 3Cc ■9 3Cc	m 3C508 ISA 16-bit Ethemet Adapter m Etherlink II Adapter (also II/16 and II/16 TP) m Etherlink III SA/PCMCIA Adapter m Etherlink III PCI Bus-Master Adapter (3C590) m Etherlink I6/Etherlink 16 TP Adapter m Etherlink I6/Etherlink 16 TP Adapter m Etherlink III PCI 10/100PASE T Adapter (3C596) Have Disk
	OK Cancel

7. Enter the drive and directory path to the installation files and select the **Ok** button. For example, if you extracted NS-Link to a subdirectory named comtrol, enter: c:\comtrol

Ins	sert Dis	sk	×
	f	Insert disk with software provided by the software or hardware manufacturer. If the files can be found at a different location, for example on another drive type a new path to the files below.	OK Cancel
		C:\Comtrol	

Note: This screen shot illustrates installing NS-Link from the default installation directory.

8. Select the Ok button when the selection box appears with Comtrol NS-Link highlighted.

Select OEM Option	×
Choose a software supported by this hardware manufacturer's disk.	
Comtrol NS Link	
OK Cancel <u>H</u> elp	

9. Select the Next button when the Add Device Wizard appears:



Note: The Add Device Wizard *also contains help for each window*. 10. Select the Comtrol device you are installing.

Add Device Wizz	rd What type of serial hub is this?
	C RPSH Ia C DeviceMaster
	< <u>B</u> ack Next> Cancel Help

11. If queried, select the number of ports on this Comtrol device.

Add Device Wizard	4
\$	How many ports are on the device?
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel Help

12. Select the starting COM port number for each port you plan to use on this system, if you do not want to allow access to a specific port for this system, scroll up to Not configured. When configuring ports among several systems, they can share the same COM port name or be assigned a unique COM port name on each system.

Add Device Wiz	rd	
¢	Port 1: COM3	
	< Back Next > Cancel Help	

- *Note: This window is* dependent on the number of ports on the device.
- 13. If this is the initial NS-Link installation and you have not programmed an IP address into the device, select MAC. If the device has been *previously* programmed with an IP address, you can select IP.
 - *Note: If you want to use* the device in an IP networking environment, you must first install NS-Link with a MAC address and then configure the IP address using the IP Programming tab (Page 21) in the NS-Link Device **Properties** window.

Add Device Wiza	rd What type of network addressing are you going to use to the device?
	< Back Next > Cancel Help

a. If you selected MAC, enter the MAC

Address of the device that you are installing and select the Next button.

Note: The MAC address Add Device Wizard label is on the device and the format is: 00 C0 4E xx xx xx. A space What is the network (MAC) address must separate each printed on the back of the device? two digits, as 00 C0 4E 09 FF FF 💌 illustrated in the following screen shot. If your site has other Comtrol

network devices on the network, their MAC addresses will display in the drop list after initial installation.



- b. If you selected **IP**, enter a unique reserved IP address or a qualified domain name (DNS) and select the **Next** button.
- Note: If using DHCP or ARP, the administrator must reserve the MAC address of the Comtrol device to the IP address assigned to the device. If

Add Device Wizar	d What is the network (IP) address of the device?
	<u>≺B</u> ack Next> Cancel Help

necessary, see your system administrator for a unique reserved IP address or qualified domain name.

14. Select the **Finish** button when the following window appears:

Add Device Wizard
Select Finish to complete adding the hardware. All ports default to RS-232. Use Main Setup to change the mode.
< <u>B</u> ack Finish Cancel Help

The Device Properties window appears after selecting the Finish button.

Device	? ×
Device Advisor IP Program	nming
	NS LINK By Comtrol
Device Properties	
N <u>a</u> me:	NS Link #1
Number of Ports:	4
KeepAlive Timeout Period:	120 sec
TCP Timeout Multiplier:	1
<u>N</u> etwork Address:	MAC 00 C0 4E 4E FF FF
	□ Ib
	OK Cancel Help

Note: If you select IP address in the previous window, the window is similar to the MAC version displayed.

- 15. Optionally, rename the NS-Link default name.
- 16. Verify the Number of Ports on the device.
- 17. Optionally, set a different KeepAlive Timeout Period.

You can set the amount of time in seconds that this device waits until it closes this connection and frees all the ports associated with it. The KeepAlive feature works in the following ways:

- During normal operation the driver periodically sends a connection check to the NS-Link device, and the device then returns a response. There are two timers, one in the driver, and one in the device. These timers are reset when a connection check signal is received and goes to the next signal. If a connection is broken, the data is stored in the computer and the device. Depending on the amount of time that has expired since the connection was lost, the following happens:
 - When the computer loses its connection to the device but re-establishes it before the timeout period expires, any data transmitted during this period is queued and sent when the connection resumes.
 - When the computer loses its connection to the NS-Link device and does not re-establish it before the timeout period expires; the driver then purges any pending I/O data for ports on that connection and returns all pending, and future I/O commands, with the exception of the **Close** command, to the application with an error indicating the disconnected status.

This is similar to the processing which occurs when the computer receives a notification from the device that a port release request, from **FreePort**, was processed on a port it owns with the exception that a different status is returned. When the connection is re-established, the computer will attempt to re-acquire the ports that were open when the connection was lost. If the attempt is successful, normal operations resume for the port. If any port has been acquired, then the computer will continue to fail all further I/O operations, with the exception of a **Close** request. When the **Close** request is received, the port can then be re-opened.

- When the computer loses its connection to the NS-Link device, and the time period expires, the device places the port into a state from which another computer can establish a connection, locking out the original driver when the connection is made. The driver will respond to all I/O commands, with the exception of the **Close** command, with an error indicating the disconnect status.

If you need the ability to reconnect with a port that another system is currently using, Comtrol includes an utility called **FreePort** () and its source code which makes the API calls that would force a port closure. The included source code for **FreePort** demonstrates the calls an application would make to perform the same operation.

18. Optionally, set the TCP Timeout Multiplier value.

Use the TCP Multiplier to modify two timers used in TCP/IP socket communications. The first identifies how long the TCP protocol should wait before timing out an attempt to open a TCP channel. This timer defaults to 500 ms when the TCP/IP address method is being used to communicate with a device. If the TCP Multiplier is changed to 2, the timer would now be 1000 ms, or 1 sec. If the multiplier is 4, the new timeout period would be 2000 ms, or 2 sec.

The second timer defines how long the driver will wait for a response from the device when a forced release of a port is requested (i.e. as when the **Freeport** utility is being used). This timer defaults to 8 seconds. If the TCP Multiplier is changed to 2, the timer would now be 16 seconds. If the multiplier is 4, the new timeout period would be 32 seconds.

19. Verify the Network Address.

- Control NS Link NT Setup
 ? X

 Main Setup Options
 Constrant

 Configuration
 NS Link #1

 NS Link #1
 ? COM3

 COM5
 COM6

 Add
 Bernove

 OK
 Cancel
- 20. Select the Ok button. The NS-Link Setup window appears.

21. If you want to enable Verbose mode for Windows NT error messages or select a scan rate, select the **Options** tab. The Device Options window appears.

Comtrol NS Link NT Setup			? ×
Main Setup Options			
Troubleshooting Options			
Performance Adjustments			
Scan Rate(ms): 10(D	efault) 💌		
Defaults			
	OK	Cancel	Help

a. Select the options you want to implement.

Note: Typically, you should leave the scan rate set to the default value (10 ms) for most applications.

To adjust latency for time-critical applications, select a longer or shorter interval from the droplist, or type in the rate (1 to 50). If a value larger than 50 is entered, the maximum of 50 is implemented.

Changes to Scan Rate do not take effect until you restart the system.

b. Select the Main Setup tab.

22. Highlight the **COM port** that you want to configure and select the **Properties** button.



- 23. Select the appropriate RS mode to match the communications mode of the peripheral that you are connecting to that particular COM port.
- 24. Optionally, make any necessary changes to fit your environment:
 - a. Lock the baud rate to access higher or lower rates than are normally permitted by your Windows NT applications.
 - b. Set a time delay on the transmit data before a port closes.

COM6 Properties	? ×
Port Setup RTS Toggle	
General	
<u>R</u> S mode:	232 •
Override and lock baud rate to:	None
Timeout on transmit data on port close:	0 sec 💌
Map 2 stop bits to 1	
□ <u>W</u> ait on physical transmission before	completing write
Emulate modem hardware RING sign	nal
Clone	
Apply these settings to all ports	
COM name: COM 3	•
Defaults	
ОК	Cancel Help

Note: You can select the length of time to wait for data to

clear the transmit buffer, before a close request from a host application is completed. If data is still in the transmit buffer, you can set a delay time to allow the buffer to empty. This is typically used with slower peripheral devices such as printers, to give the data sufficient time to flush through the system.

- c. Map 2 stop bits to 1.
 - **Note:** You can use this option to map 2 stop bits to 1 bit. If the application you are using is hard coded to use two stop bits and you are receiving framing errors, you can implement this option. Leave this box unchecked to enable stop bits to pass through unchanged.
- d. Wait for physical transmission before completing write.
 - **Note:** Use this option to force all write packets to wait until the transmit data has physically completed the transmission before returning completion to the host application. The default mode (box not checked) is to buffer the data in the transmit hardware buffer and return completion as soon as the packet is in the buffer.

e. Emulate modem hardware ring signal.

Note: This emulates a hardware RI (ring indicator) signal.

- f. Clone port settings.
 - *Note:* If this box is checked, the changes you make in the general COM Properties window are applied to all NS-Link ports in the system.

The check mark is not permanent. It is only visible until the COM Properties window is closed. Upon re-opening the COM Properties window, the check mark is not visible.

If this box is not checked, the changes you make to the Port Setup options apply to the selected port only.

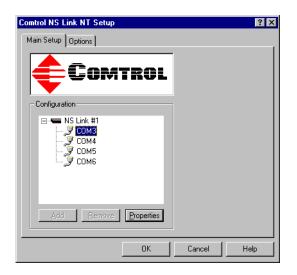
- g. If you need to configure RTS options, select the **RTS Toggle** tab.
- h. Configure the port and select **Ok** after making the appropriate selections.

The Override and lock to RTS (Ready to Send) toggle mode option allows you to lock the port in RTS toggle mode, then set the mode (low or high) as desired.

The RTS Toggle RTS Low option allows you to toggle the RTS output signal low during data transmission. If the option box is not checked, RTS is toggled high (asserted) during data transmission.

- 25. After configuring your port (COM) properties, select the **Ok** button. The Main Setup window returns.
- 26. If you did not clone all the COM ports, repeat <u>Steps 22</u> through 25 until all of the COM ports that you want to use are configured.
- 27. Select the **Ok** button after you have configured each port.
- 28. To add another NS-Link device, highlight the first device and select the **Add** button. Follow <u>Steps 9</u> through 29 to complete installation.
- 29. Select Yes to save the configuration and exit.
- 30. Select the Ok button to restart Windows.

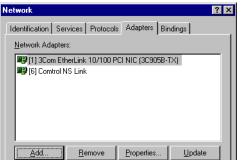
COM3 Properties		? ×
Port Setup RTS T	oggle	
	lock to RTS toggle mode	
🗖 <u>R</u> TS Toggle F	HIS LOW	
De <u>f</u> aults		
	OK Cancel	Help
	Carlos	



31. Select the Add button if you want to add a device (from another manufacturer) at this time or the Close button in the Network window. See <u>Adding Devices After</u> <u>the Initial Installation</u> on Page 29 to install multiple Comtrol devices.

Note: You must configure at least one valid NS-Link Device.

32. Select **Yes** to shut down and restart the system.



Note: Initial installation is not complete until you have rebooted the system.

33. After rebooting, verify that you have a working installation.

To verify your installation, test a port using Test Terminal (Page 31) or check the Device Advisor tab to see if the device is functioning properly (Page 39).

- 34. Go to the appropriate subsection to configure NS-Link for your installation.
 - To configure an IP address in the device, go to *<u>Programming the IP Address</u>* on Page 21.
 - To configure NS-Link in MAC mode to run efficiently, go to <u>Disabling</u> <u>DHCP Requests (MAC Mode)</u> on Page 19.

Disabling DHCP Requests (MAC Mode)

After installing NS-Link and restarting the system, you may want to disable the DHCP requests that are periodically sent from the device. Use the following procedure to disable DHCP requests sent from the Comtrol device.

- 1. Go to the Start button and select Programs/Comtrol NS-Link/Comtrol Hardware Setup.
- 2. Highlight the device name of the unit you want to program and select **Properties**.



- 3. Select the IP Programming tab.
- 4. Select the **Disable** button.

Note: Not available on all NS-Link devices. If the button is greyed out, then this feature is not available.

5. Select the **Reset button** and wait until the device reloads.

Note: The Comtrol device cycles its LEDs.

- 6. Select **Ok** to close the Device window.
- 7. Select **Ok** to close the Properties window.

	-NÉ-
	NS LINK By Comtrol
TCP/IP Se	IP Address:
	Subnet Mask:
	Gateway:
- Device Con	
Betrieve	Program <u>Clear</u> Disable Reset

8. Set up modems or printers using <u>Windows NT Configuration Overview</u> on Page 45, if necessary.

Programming the IP Address

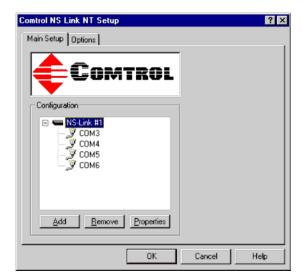
After installing NS-Link and restarting the system, use the following procedure to program the IP address in the Comtrol device.

Note: To perform the following procedure, you must have previously entered the MAC address in the Device Setup tab and rebooted your system to access the device using the MAC address.

Programming the IP address can only done in a system that is operational in MAC mode. Verify that your ports are functional before proceeding using Test Terminal (see <u>Using Test Terminal</u> on Page 31).

See your System Administrator to acquire a unique reserved IP address if you are using DHCP. They will need the MAC address of the unit to provide you with an IP address.

- 1. Go to the Start button and select Programs/Comtrol NS-Link/Comtrol Hardware Setup.
- 2. Highlight the device name of the unit you want to program and select **Properties**.



- 3. Select the **IP Programming** tab.
- 4. Select the **Retrieve** button to check to see if the Comtrol device has been programmed with an IP address, gateway, and subnet mask.
- 5. Select the **Ok** button to retrieve the values.

evice
Device Advisor IP Programming
NS LINK By Cemtrol
TCP/IP Settings
IP Address:
Subnet Mask:
Gateway:
Device Control
Betrieve Program Clear Disable Rgset
OK Cancel Help

6. If NS-Link *retrieves the values* assigned by the System Administrator, this means that the hardware has been previously configured and go to <u>Step 21</u>.

Device ?
Device Advisor IP Programming
NS ^I LINK By Comtrol
TCP/IP Settings
IP Address: 192.168.250.250
Subnet Mask: 255.255.0.0
Grateway: 192.168.1.1
132.168.1.1
-Device Control
Betrieve Program Clear Disable Reset
OK Cancel Help

Note: The default address for the DeviceMaster RTS is 192.168.250.250. If NS-Link returns **all zeros**, go directly to <u>Step 7</u>.

If NS-Link *did not retrieve the correct values* (not zeros):

- a. Select the Clear button.
- b. Select the Ok button to clear the IP programming in the device.
- c. Select the **Ok** button to the *IP* programming not complete until the device is reset popup.
- d. Select the Reset button and wait until the device reloads.
- e. Repeat <u>Steps 4</u> through 6

Note: The Comtrol device cycles its LEDs.

7. Enter the **IP** address, subnet mask, and gateway values in the IP Settings area.

> In the event that this unit is to be used on the same Ethernet segment as the PC that has NS-Link installed, the following options may be valid.

> If you do not have an assigned gateway address to use, you may use as the gateway address the IP address of the PC that has the NS-Link driver installed. If necessary, execute **IPCONFIG** from a

evice Device Advisor IP Programming	Vé		?
Ву			
TCP/IP Settings IP Address: 192	168.250.251		
Subnet Mask: 255.	255.255.0		
Gateway: 192.	168.250.251		
Device Control Betrieve Program D	ear Disable	,	Reset
	ОК	Cancel	Help

command prompt to determine your IP address. Use the address of the default gateway if shown.

If a default gateway is not shown, use the IP address displayed. The subnet mask value used in the Comtrol device should be the same as shown for the PC in this instance.

In the event that this will be used on another Ethernet segment, the IP address, subnet mask and gateway must be configured appropriately for that Ethernet segment. If you are unsure of these values, contact your system network administrator.

If you program the Comtrol device for a different Ethernet segment, after you put the IP address into NS-Link, you will be unable to use the device until it is physically connected to that network due to not having appropriate routing.

- 8. Select the **Program** button.
- 9. Select the **Ok** button to begin programming the device.
- 10. Select the **Ok** button to the *IP* programming not complete until the device is reset popup.
- 11. Delete the contents of the IP Address, Gateway, and Subnet Mask fields.

Device ? ×
Device Advisor IP Programming
-NF-
NS LINK By Cemtrol
TCP/IP Settings
IP Address:
Subnet Mask:
Gateway:
- Device Control
Betrieve Program Clear Disable Rgset
OK Cancel Help

- 12. Select the **Reset** button.
- 13. Select the **Retrieve** button.
- 14. Select the Ok button to retrieve IP programming from the device.
- 15. Verify that the information that loads into the IP Address, Gateway, and Subnet Mask fields matches the information that you previously entered.

? ×

If not, re-enter the IP Address, Gateway, and Subnet mask information and repeat <u>Steps 8</u> through 13.

- 16. If you are not using DHCP or ARP, then select the **Disable** button.
 - Note: Not available on all NS-Link devices. If the button is greyed out, then this feature is not available.
- 17. Select the **Reset** button to soft boot the device.

	-MÉ-
	NS ^I LINK By Comtrol
TCP/IP Settin	-
	IP Address: 192.168.250.251
	Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.1
	Gateway: 192.168.250.251

Note: The Comtrol device cycles its LEDs.

- 18. Select the Ok button to reset the entire device.
- 19. Select the **Device** tab.
- 20. Uncheck the MAC box and then check the IP checkbox.

Device

Device		? ×
Device Advisor IP Program	ming	. 1
Device Properties		
Name:	NS Link #1	
Number of <u>P</u> orts:	4	
KeepAlive Timeout Period:	120 sec	
TCP Timeout Multiplier:	1	
Network Address:	MAC 00 C0 4E 4E FF FF	
	OK Cancel He	Р

- ? × Device Device Advisor IP Programming LINK By Camtro TCP/IP Settings IP Address: 192.168.250.251 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.1 Gateway: 192.168.250.251 Device Control Betrieve Program <u>C</u>lear <u>D</u>isable R<u>e</u>set DK Cancel Help
- 21. Select the Ok button to close the Device window.

- 22. Select the **Ok** button to close the Setup window:
- 23. Save the configuration changes and exit.
- 24. Reboot the system and verify that the device is running properly using <u>Step 33</u> on Page 19.
- 25. Connect your serial devices to the Comtrol device. If you need information about connecting your serial devices, see <u>Locating</u> <u>Hardware Installation</u> <u>Documentation</u> on Page 5 for your product.
- 26. Set up modems or printers using <u>Windows NT</u> <u>Configuration Overview</u> on Page 45, if necessary.



- 27. *DeviceMaster RTS*: If you want to configure any of the ports as sockets:
 - a. Enter the IP address of the device in your web browser URL field.
 - b. Select the port number that you want to configure as a socket.
 - **Note:** See the DeviceMaster RTS Installation and Configuration Guide, *if you* need help configuring sockets. You can download the latest version at: <u>ftp://ftp.comtrol.com/Dev_Mstr/RTS/RTS_Library.pdf</u>.

Changing Configuration Parameters

Use the following procedure to change the:

- NS-Link properties, such as:
 - Name of the Comtrol device
 - Keepalive timeout period
 - Number of ports being used by this host system
 - TCP Multiplier value
 - Network address
 - **Note:** You can change the network address type by clicking on the current checkbox type, followed by placing a check in the other network type and entering the appropriate address. If replacing hardware, you have to change the MAC address. If necessary, see <u>Programming the IP Address</u> on Page 21.
 - Device options, for example, Verbose mode or using a scan rate.
- COM port properties, such as the port mode (RS-232, RS-422, or RS-485) and application-related options discussed in <u>Step 23</u> of the installation process.



Before changing the communications mode in NS-Link for an existing port, make sure that you disconnect the peripheral device from the port.

Use the following procedure to change configuration parameters.

- 1. Select the **Programs/Comtrol NS-Link/Comtrol Hardware Setup** option from the **Start** button.
- 2. To change the NS-Link properties for the device (name, number of ports, or network address) highlight the device name and select the Properties button.



3. Make the desired changes and select the **Ok** button.

evice Device Advisor IP Program	ming
	X
	NS ^I LINK By Camtrol
Device Properties	
N <u>a</u> me:	NS Link #1
Number of Ports:	4
KeepAlive Timeout Period:	120 sec
TCP Timeout Multiplier:	1
<u>N</u> etwork Address:	MAC 00 C0 4E 4E FF FF
	□ IP
	OK Cancel Help

4. To change device options (Verbose mode or scan rate), select the **Options** tab, make the changes, and toggle back to the Main Setup tab.

Comtrol NS Link NT Setup	? ×
Main Setup Options	,
COMTROL	
Configuration	
E NS-Link #1	
— 🛒 СОМЗ — 📝 СОМ4	
— Э сом5 — Э сом6	
Add <u>Remove</u> Properties	
OK Cancel	Help

5. To change port configuration, **highlight the COM port** that you want to change and select **Properties**.



- 6. Make the port configuration changes and select the Ok button.
 - a. Before changing the communications mode in NS-Link for an existing port, make sure that you disconnect the peripheral device from the port.
 - b. If you change the mode of the port, select **Ok** to the popup regarding changing the mode of connected devices:

COM6 Properties	? ×
Port Setup RTS Toggle	
General <u>B</u> S mode: Override and lock baud rate to: <u>I</u> meout on transmit data on port close:	232 ¥ None ¥ 0 sec ¥
Map 2 stop bits to 1 Wait on physical transmission before Emulate modern hardware RING sig	
COM name: COM3	
Defaults	
OK	Cancel Help

- 7. Select **Ok** to save your configuration changes.
- Note: Depending upon the type of configuration changes you made, you may or may not need to reboot your system. The driver will prompt you to save the changes, if necessary.
- 8. Select **Yes** to save the configuration and exit.
- 9. Select the **Ok** button to restart windows.



Adding Devices After the Initial Installation

Use the following procedure to add more NS-Link Comtrol devices to an existing installation.

- 1. Connect the new device to the network and power it up.
- 2. Make sure that the device passes the power-on LED diagnostics.
- 3. Select the **Programs/Comtrol NS-Link/Comtrol Hardware Setup** option from the **Start** button.
- 4. Select the Add button.

Comtrol NS Link NT Setup			? ×
Main Setup Options			
COM	TROL		
Configuration		Ĩ	
□ ■ NS-Link #1			
<u>A</u> dd <u>R</u> emove	Properties		
	OK	Cancel	Help

- 5. For help with the remainder of the setup, use *Installing the NS-Link Device Driver* and start with <u>Step 9</u> (Page 12).
- 6. Reboot the system so that the new device initializes.

Add Device Wizard	This wizard will help you quickly install and configure your new Comtrol hardware.
	< <u>₿</u> ask. <u>N</u> ext > Cancel Help

Replacing NS-Link Devices

On occasion, it may be necessary to replace an existing and configured Comtrol device with an identical device, without downing the system or reconfiguring ports. To do so, follow these steps:

1. Shut off the old device, connect all cables to the corresponding ports on the spare device, and power up the new device.



Make sure that you re-cable the spare exactly like the original. A remote chance exists that you could damage a peripheral if it is incorrectly connected to a port configured for the wrong communications mode.

- 2. Write down the Network (MAC) Address of the spare device on the customer service label provided.
- 3. Select the **Programs/Comtrol NS-Link/Comtrol Hardware Setup** option from the **Start** button.
- 4. Highlight the name of the NS-Link device that you want to swap out and select the **Properties** button.



5. Enter the new network (MAC or IP) address of the new Comtrol device.

Note: Leave all other properties the same.

- 6. If necessary, program the IP address (Page 21).
- 7. Select **Ok** to exit the Device window and **Ok** to exit NS-Link Setup window.
- 8. Select **Ok** to save the new configuration.

The new device immediately replaces the old one under the old device's device name.

	Z , Z B	S LINK Comtrol	
Device Properties			
N <u>a</u> me:	NS Link #1		
Number of Ports:	4	-	
KeepAlive Timeout Period:	120 sec		
TCP Timeout Multiplier:	1		
Network & delegant	MAC		
Network Address:	I∙ <u>M</u> AC	00 CO 4E 4E FF FF	

Note: Restarting the system is not needed.

Comtrol Tools

This section discusses the following utilities that are installed with most Comtrol drivers for Microsoft operating systems:

- Test Terminal program (**wcom32.exe**), which can be used to troubleshoot communications on a port-by-port basis (*Using Test Terminal* on Page 31).
- Port Monitor program (**portmon.exe**), which checks for errors, modem control, and status signals (*Using Port Monitor* on Page 33). In addition, it provides you with raw byte input and output counts.
- Device Advisor, which helps identify problems is a tab in the **Device** window of the NS-Link driver (*Using the Device Advisor* on Page 39).
- Peer Tracer program (**peer.exe**), which traces driver events (<u>Using Peer Tracer</u> on Page 42).

Using Test Terminal

WCOM32 is a terminal program that enables you to open a port, send characters and commands to the port, and toggle the control signals.

Note: WCOM32 will not work on ports used by RAS if Remote Access Service is running or any other application is using the port. If you are using RAS, you must stop the service before starting WCOM32 to test RAS COM ports. To test ports that are not used by RAS, you do not need to stop RAS.

Follow these steps:

1. Start Test Terminal from the Comtrol program group for your product.

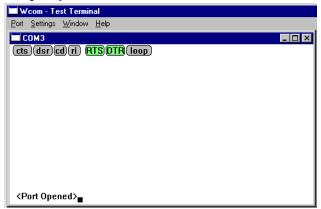
Product	Operating System	Program Group
RocketModem and RocketPort	Windows 98, Windows NT	Comtrol RocketPort RocketModem
RocketModem and RocketPort	Windows 2000, Windows XP	Comtrol Utilities
DeviceMaster RTS, RocketPort Serial Hub <i>ia</i> , and RocketPort Serial Hub <i>Si</i>	Windows 98, Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP	Comtrol NS-Link

2. Select **Ok** if this screen appears:

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3. Select **Open Port** from the **Port** menu. A list of possible COM port numbers displays.

4. Select the COM port you want to test.



If the COM port does not exist or if it is currently being used by another program, a *Create File Error* message displays.

If the COM port is available, a terminal window pops up:

🗖 Wcom - Test Terminal	
Port Settings Window Help	
СОМЗ	_ 🗆 🗡
CTSDSRCD ri RTSDTR loop	
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvw	
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwx	
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxy	
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz	
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz	
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz A	
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz AB	
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz ABC	
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz ABCD	
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz ABCDE	
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz ABCDEF	
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz ABCDEFG	
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz ABCDEFGH	
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz ABCDEFGHI	
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz ABCDEFGHIJ	
abcde	

Note: Notice the <loop> button in the terminal window. If this option is activated, it is green and uppercase (IOOP), the COM port internal loopback feature is activated, and the data is returned by the COM port hardware. If this option is deactivated, it is gray and lowercase (IOOP), the internal loopback is deactivated, and the data is sent out the COM port.

Testing a Comtrol	Us	e the following procedure to test the Comtrol device.			
Device	1.	Place a loopback plug on the COM port you are testing. Make sure all connectors are seated firmly and that the loop button is off .			
		Note: Test terminal works for RS-232 and RS-422 mode.			
		To build loopback plugs, see the hardware installation document for the Comtrol device.			
	2.	From the Port menu, select Send Test Data . The program sends out a repeating data stream.			
		Note: To stop the data stream, select Send Test Data again.			
		• If the loopback plug is in place and the port is working correctly, the test data should be echoed back to the screen.			
		• If the loopback plug is not in place or the port is not working correctly, no data or garbled data is echoed back to the screen.			
		<i>Note:</i> If no characters appear, insure that the loopback plug is attached to the correct port.			

3. If further testing is required, select Loopback Test from the Port menu.

	Wcom - Test Terminal - Loopback Test Place the loopback plug on CDM3 OK Cancel				
	If the loopback plug is in place and the port is working correctly, the system should return the message <i>Passed</i> . If the loopback plug is not in place or the port				
	is not working correctly, the system will return the message <i>Failed</i> .				
Testing a Comtrol Device (RS-485)	Perform the following procedure to determine if a port or ports are functioning properly.				
	1. Connect a straight-through cable from Port 1 to Port 2.				
	Note: See the hardware installation document for the Comtrol device if you need to build a cable.				
	If testing ports other than Ports 1 and 2, simply connect the cable between any two ports.				
	2. Open a session for each port.				
	3. Enter data into the Port 1 session, the data should appear in the <i>Port 2</i> window.				
	4. Enter data into the Port 2 session, the data should appear in the <i>Port 1</i> window.				
	Note: If the data appears as described in Steps 3 and 4, the hardware is functioning properly.				
Test Terminal Modem Control	The terminal window displays the modem control signals as gray or green lights at the top of the window. The first four are inputs: Cts dsr cd ri				
Signals	The lights are green if they are turned on, or gray if off. The text on the light also changes from uppercase (CTS), which is on, to lowercase (cts), which is off.				
	The next two lights are outputs: ATSDTR				
	Note: If you have a loopback plug connected and you click on one of the outputs, the corresponding signal is sent to the input and the input lights should toggle accordingly.				
	The rightmost light is the loop indicator: loop				
	If this is on, the COM port internal loopback feature is activated and any information or code entered in the terminal window loops back through the COM port circuitry. If this is off, the COM port internal loopback is deactivated, and any information or code entered in the terminal window is sent out of the port.				

Using Port Monitor

The Port Monitor program (**portmon.exe**) offers a summary of all Comtrol device statistics in one spreadsheet view. It also enables you to verify operation of all Comtrol device ports from a single window.

The Port Monitor display follows the familiar spreadsheet model: each COM port is a horizontal row, and each vertical column displays a variable or value for the respective COM port. For definitions of the abbreviations used, see <u>Port Monitor</u> <u>Variables</u> on Page 37.

Port Monitor can also produce statistics and reports that can help you verify the operation of the COM ports and connected peripherals. Some immediate feedback includes:

- The state of the modem control and status signals
- Open ports
- Raw byte input and output counts obtained from the device driver
- Port errors

The available statistics include:

- Instantaneous characters per second (CPS) calculations
- Minute, hour, and day CPS averages and peaks
- Carrier detect (CD) signal runtime and transition count

Reports can be automatically generated on an hourly and/or daily basis, and can cover all ports collectively or a separate report for each port. You can also set how often the values are recalculated, fine-tuning thoroughness against system efficiency, and automatically run external batch files to perform additional processing and analysis.

Starting PortTo run Port Monitor, select Port Monitor from the appropriate Comtrol program
group.

Product	Operating System	Program Group
RocketModem and RocketPort	Windows 98, Windows NT	Comtrol RocketPort RocketModem
RocketModem and RocketPort	Windows 2000, Windows XP	Comtrol Utilities
DeviceMaster RTS, RocketPort Serial Hub <i>ia</i> , and RocketPort Serial Hub <i>Si</i>	Windows 98, Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP	Comtrol NS-Link

The Port Monitor window displays:

Device	Орег	CTS	DSI	CD	RT	DTF	TxTotal	RxTotal	TxCPSInst	RxCPSInst	Errors	T×MinCPS	R×MinCP	TxCPS
СОМЗ	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	53.138k	39.892k	0	0	1	0	0	0
сом4	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COM5	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COM6	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Note: To change the appearance of the screen, see the following discussion.

Once the monitor window displays, Port Monitor is active and collecting data. If any cumulative data has been saved from previous sessions, it is automatically brought in and used.

Port Monitor continues to run and collect data until you terminate it, at which point all accumulated data is automatically saved for use in the next session.

Changing Screen Appearance

While Port Monitor is running, there are a number of commands and controls that change the appearance of the screen.

Desired Change	Procedure
Change the monitor window font.	Select Font from the Edit menu.
Change width of a single column.	Left-click on the column separator (vertical) line and drag it to the desired width.
Change column placement.	Left-click in the middle of the column you want to move and drag it to the desired location.
Remove a column.	Right-click on the column you want to remove and select Remove from the pop-up menu.
Clear all fields and reset them to null values.	Right-click on the upper left cell in the table and select Reset from the pop-up menu.*
Clear any single field <i>except</i> the upper left cell.	Right-click on the field to be cleared and select Reset from the pop-up menu.*
	Right-click on the column now occupying the desired location and select Add from the pop-up menu.
Add a column.	You are prompted to name the variable you want to display, as well as other information. (See <i>Column Setup</i> , below.)
	After you click OK , the column is inserted in the selected location and the existing column is moved to the right.
Change other properties of a column.	Right-click on the column and select Properties from the pop-up menu. (See <i>Column Setup</i> , below.)

* The **Reset** command does not clear raw data from the **calcs.dat** file. It simply resets the selected display fields to their null values. For more information regarding **calcs.dat**, see Page 36.

Column Setup

When you select **Add** or **Properties** from the column pop-up menu, the Column Setup window displays:

- Use the **Input** droplist to select the variable displayed in the column.
- Use the **Type** droplist to select the way in which the value displays: either as an integer, as an on/off state, as an integer with a kilo, mega, or giga suffix, or as an hh:mm:ss time stamp. This defaults to the appropriate type for the selected Input variable.
- Use the Name variable to change the column heading name.

Column S	etup	×
Input:	TxTotal	
<u>T</u> ype:	Integer(k,m,g)	
<u>N</u> ame:	TxTotal	
<u>W</u> idth:	16	
	Color0	
	Color1	
<u>0</u> k	Cancel Help	

- Use the Width variable to specify the column width in characters.
- Use Color0 to set the column character color when the value is zero.
- Use Color1 to set the column character color when the value is not zero.
- When done, click OK to save your changes and return to Port Monitor.

Report Configuration

To configure reports, select **Config** from the Edit menu.

The **Single** report options cover all ports and are overwritten each time the reports are generated. The **Multiple** report options generate a separate report for each port, and each report file is appended each time the report is generated.

For Hour reports, use the Single and Multiple droplists to select whether you are generating single or multiple reports, or both. For each report type, select from the following types of data to include:

Program Setup	X
Hour Reports Single: None Multiple: None V	
External Program Test	
Day Reports	
Single: None Multiple: None	
External Program Test	
Update Time(seconds)	
<u> </u>	

- None: no report is generated.
- Hour Data: only variables with "Hour" in the name are included.
- All Data: all variables are included.
- View Data: only variables that appear on-screen are included.

The **External Program** field is used to enter a command line to run another program after the hourly reports have been generated. For example, you can use this to run a batch file that performs custom report processing. The **Test** button causes the command line to be executed immediately.

For **Day** reports, the single and multiple droplists behave the same, but your choices are:

- None: no report is generated.
- Day Data: only variables with the words "Day" or "Raw" in the names are included.
- All Data: all variables are included.
- View Data: only the variables that appear in the Port Monitor window are included.

Likewise, the **External Program** field is used to enter a command line to be executed after the daily reports have been generated.

	The Update Time option allows you to set the rate at which the port information is obtained and the calculations performed. There is a trade-off between Port Monitor efficiency and response time. If you are using Port Monitor to view the port activity on the screen, you may want to set the update time to 1 or 2 seconds, so that the screen is updated frequently. If you are concerned about the monitor program using CPU resources, set this to a higher value, (6 to 20 seconds) in order to decrease the time required by the program to perform the calculations and update the screen.
	If Port Monitor is left active to generate reports, minimizing or reducing the display area of the program will help reduce the CPU overhead of updating the screen.
Port Monitor Files	 Port Monitor creates and uses the following files: portmon.vew calcs.dat The default column layout is saved in portmon.vew. If you have been experimenting

The default column layout is saved in **portmon.vew**. If you have been experimenting with the appearance of the monitor screen, you can use the File menu **Save** option to save your customized layout in another.vew file. You can retrieve this file later by using the File menu **Open** option, or you can use the Edit menu **View Default**

	option to retrieve portmon.vew and restore the default view.			
	All Port Monitor calculations are saved at program exit and on the hour i binary file named calcs.dat . This enables you to halt Port Monitor executivity without losing accumulated data.			
		tes a \REPORTS directory. All hourly and daily reports are under the following names:		
	• hall.txt — hourly single report			
	• dall.txt — daily sing	gle report		
	• hcomx.txt — hourly	multiple reports, where x is the port number		
	• dcomx.txt — daily n	nultiple reports, where <i>x</i> is the port number		
	Caution: Since multip multiple repo periodically.	le reports append new data each time they are written, the rt files grow in size. It is up to you to delete them		
	Some safeguards are built into the program to avoid filling up a hard disk drive due to growing report files. The monitoring program stops writing additional da to the multiple reports if they reach a size of 2 MB. Also, the program will not write out data files to the disk drive if the spare room on the drive is less than 2 MB in size.			
	To view or edit an hour menu, or use a system	rly or daily report, use the Edit Report option on the File tool such as NOTEPAD.		
	For more information,	see the Port Monitor Help file.		
Port Monitor Variables	The following table list	s Port Monitor variables.		
Port Monitor Variables	The following table list Variable	s Port Monitor variables. Description		
	Variable	Description		
	Variable Open	DescriptionOpen status, on if open, off if closed.		
	Variable Open Cts	Description Open status, on if open, off if closed. Input CTS pin status.		
	Variable Open Cts Dsr	Description Open status, on if open, off if closed. Input CTS pin status. Input DSR pin status.		
	VariableOpenCtsDsrCd	DescriptionOpen status, on if open, off if closed.Input CTS pin status.Input DSR pin status.Input CD (carrier detect) pin status.		
	VariableOpenCtsDsrCdRts	DescriptionOpen status, on if open, off if closed.Input CTS pin status.Input DSR pin status.Input CD (carrier detect) pin status.Output RTS pin status.		
	VariableOpenCtsDsrCdRtsDtr	DescriptionOpen status, on if open, off if closed.Input CTS pin status.Input DSR pin status.Input CD (carrier detect) pin status.Output RTS pin status.Output DTR pin status.		
	VariableOpenCtsDsrCdRtsDtrTxTotal	DescriptionOpen status, on if open, off if closed.Input CTS pin status.Input DSR pin status.Input CD (carrier detect) pin status.Output RTS pin status.Output DTR pin status.Total bytes transmitted.		
	VariableOpenCtsDsrCdRtsDtrTxTotalRxTotal	DescriptionOpen status, on if open, off if closed.Input CTS pin status.Input DSR pin status.Input CD (carrier detect) pin status.Output RTS pin status.Output DTR pin status.Total bytes transmitted.Total bytes received.Instantaneous average of transmit characters per		
	VariableOpenCtsDsrCdRtsDtrTxTotalRxTotalTxCPSInst	DescriptionOpen status, on if open, off if closed.Input CTS pin status.Input DSR pin status.Input CD (carrier detect) pin status.Output RTS pin status.Output DTR pin status.Total bytes transmitted.Total bytes received.Instantaneous average of transmit characters per second.Instantaneous average of receive characters per second.Total hardware receive errors (parity, framing, and overruns.)		
	VariableOpenCtsDsrCdRtsDtrTxTotalRxTotalTxCPSInstRxCPSInst	DescriptionOpen status, on if open, off if closed.Input CTS pin status.Input DSR pin status.Input CD (carrier detect) pin status.Output RTS pin status.Output DTR pin status.Total bytes transmitted.Total bytes received.Instantaneous average of transmit characters per second.Instantaneous average of receive characters per second.Total hardware receive errors (parity, framing, and		

Peak TxCPSInst for the last minute.

Peak RxCPSInst for the last minute.

Peak TxMinCPS for the last hour.

Peak RxMinCPS for the last hour.

TxCPSMinAvMax

RxCPSMinAvMax

TxCPSHourAvMax

RxCPSHourAvMax

Comtrol Tools

Variable	Description
TxCPSDayAvMax	Peak TxMinCPS for the last day.
RxCPSDayAvMax	Peak RxMinCPS for the last day.
TxTotalRaw	Total number of transmit bytes raw data from the device driver.
RxTotalRaw	Total number of receive bytes raw data from the device driver.
TxMinCnt	Count of transmit bytes sent in last minute.
TxHourCnt	Transmit bytes count sent in the last hour.
TxDayCnt	Transmit bytes count sent in the last day.
RxMinCnt	Receive bytes count sent in the last minute.
RxHourCnt	Receive bytes count sent in the last hour.
RxDayCnt	Receive bytes count sent in the last day.
TxMinCntWrk	Transmit bytes count sent in this minute.
TxHourCntWrk	Transmit bytes count sent in this hour.
TxDayCntWrk	Transmit bytes count sent in this day.
RxMinCntWrk	Receive bytes count sent in this minute.
RxHourCntWrk	Receive bytes count sent in this hour.
RxDayCntWrk	Receive bytes count sent in this day.
TxCPSMinAvMaxWrk	Peak TxCPSInst for the current minute.
TxCPSHourAvMaxWrk	Peak TxMinCPS for the current hour.
TxCPSDayAvMaxWrk	Peak TxHourCPS for the current day.
RxCPSMinAvMaxWrk	Peak RxCPSInst for the current minute.
RxCPSHourAvMaxWrk	Peak RxMinCPS for the current hour.
RxCPSDayAvMaxWrk	Peak RxHourCPS for the current day.
CDRuns	Carrier detect turn-on count.
CDDayRuns	Carrier detect turn-on count in the last day.
CDDayRunsWrk	Carrier detect turn-on count in the current day.
CDRunTime	Time in seconds carrier detect has been on.
CDHourRunTime	Time in seconds carrier detect has been on in the last hour.
CDDayRunTime	Time in seconds carrier detect has been on in the last day.
CDHourRunTimeWrk	Time in seconds carrier detect has been on this hour.
CDDayRunTimeWrk	Time in seconds carrier detect has been on this day.
StatusFlags	Bit flags, Open, CTS, DSR, CD, RTS, DTR
TxPkts	Raw count of total transmit packets sent.
RxPkts	Raw count of total receive packets sent.
OverrunErrors	Total count of receive overrun errors.
FramingErrors	Total count of receive framing errors.
ParityErrors	Total count of receive parity errors.

Variable	Description
OverrunErrorsRaw	Total count of receive overrun errors, from the device driver.
FramingErrorsRaw	Total count of receive framing errors, from the device driver.
ParityErrorsRaw	Total count of receive parity errors, from the device driver.

Using the Device Advisor

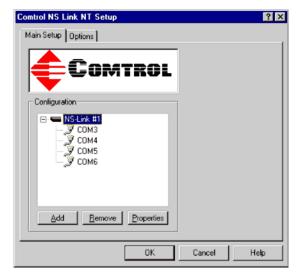
You can use the Device Advisor to determine the following information:

- Summary of the device status
- The MAC address of the network interface card (NIC)
- The Adapter ID string
- The Comtrol device's MAC address
- Detailed state of the Comtrol device
- Total number of successful load attempts
- Total number of devices on the network
- Transmit statistics, such as the number of:
 - Frames out
 - Packets to device
 - Retransmitted frames
- Receive statistics, such as the number of:
 - Frames accepted
 - Frames passed on
 - Packets from device
 - Out of sequence frames

Note: For detailed information about the fields in the Device Advisor, use the online help available in the application.

Starting the Device Advisor

- Use the following procedure to access the Device Advisor:
- 1. Start the NS-Link menus using the Start button.
- 2. Highlight the device that you want to review and select the Properties button.



3. Click on the Device Advisor tab.

Device			? ×
Device Advisor IP Programming			
Summary The driver is not running. If you just will need to exit the program before t			eset
		Rej	(resh
Network Interface Card			
MAC Address	Frames Out	Frames Accep	oted
Adapter ID String		Frames Passe	ed On
Comtrol Hardware MAC Address 00 C0 4E 09 FF FF	Packets To Device	Packets From	Device
Reported State	Retransmitted	Out Of Seque	nce
Loaded OK/Total Devices Detected	d/Avail		
	ОК	Cancel	Help

The Device Advisor screen appears providing you with information that you may find useful.

Note: For information about the fields in the Device Advisor, use the on-line help available in the application.

The following tables provide information about device driver summary messages and reported state messages.

Message	Description
Unintialized	Comtrol device has not been installed correctly.
Unable to contact the NS- Link driver	The Comtrol device NS-Link is not installed or is not responding to Device Advisor requests.

Device Advisor Driver Messages

Message	Description
Unable to contact a Network Interface Controller (NIC)	The server NIC card may not be installed, may be malfunctioning, or may not be bound to the Comtrol device.
Cannot detect network	No inbound traffic of any sort Comtrol device may be inoperative or you may have a network cabling problem.
Cannot detect any NS-Link.	Network traffic is being received, but not from a Comtrol device. Check the network connections and verify that the Comtrol device is powered up.
Cannot detect NS-Link with specified MAC address.	Network traffic is being received from a Comtrol device, but not the one specified in Device Setup. Check the device to make sure that you are using the correct MAC address in Device Setup, and check the Main Setup window to verify that you are working with the correct device.
NS-Link device with specified MAC address was detected, but is not configured for this server.	Either the Comtrol device in question is not assigned to this server, or it is not assigned to <i>any</i> server, or it has been configured for this server but the configuration has not been saved. If the latter, return to the Setup window, save and exit, and restart the server
NS-Link device detected and configured for this server, but is not yet assigned to this server.	Either the Comtrol device is currently being controlled by another server or the device power has been cycled and the device is waiting for a server to acquire it.
NS-Link detected, initializing.	The server has acquired the Comtrol device and is downloading the control program. The device will be available shortly.
NS-Link responsive, but no data traffic exchange since last inquiry.	The Comtrol device appears to be installed correctly and active, but no data traffic has been sent or received since the last time you clicked the Refresh button. If there should have been traffic, check the Comtrol device port configuration and external cabling.
NS-Link responsive; data traffic received, but nothing sent since last inquiry.	Similar to above, except the Comtrol device has received data successfully.
NS-Link responsive; data traffic sent, but nothing received since last inquiry.	Similar to above, except the Comtrol device has sent data successfully.
NS-Link active.	Normal state: the Comtrol device is installed correctly and active with data traffic.
Poor connection to NS-Link.	This message displays if retransmissions occur, frames arrive out of sequence, or more than 2% of the total packets arrive out of sequence. This generally indicates a cable, connector, or LAN termination problem.
Counts reset.	This message displays immediately after you click the Reset button.

Message	Description	
Invalid	An illegal Comtrol device state has been detected. Reset the Comtrol device.	
Init	This is the normal state for undetected and inactive Comtrol device.	
InitOwn	The server has acquired the Comtrol device but has not downloaded the control software.	
SendCode	The server has acquired the Comtrol device and is in the process of downloading the control software.	
Connect	The server has completed the download and is completing initialization.	
Active	The normal state for a Comtrol device that is attached to a server and is ready for data traffic.	
Not found	The specified MAC address is not configured on this server.	
Undefined	No Comtrol devices are configured on this server.	

Using Peer Tracer

The **Peer Tracer** program (**peer.exe**) is specifically designed to view the internal operations of the device driver for the purpose of troubleshooting communications on Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows XP systems. **Peer** enables you to see:

- Receive and transmit data
- Internal driver event traces
- Advanced configuration and status information

Like Test Terminal, **Peer** acts as a simple terminal session, and is used to send and receive text information to and from the device driver. To use **Peer**, you type in commands, and status and information are sent back.

Unlike Test Terminal, **Peer** enables you to keep a continuous log of the commands sent and the results received in a file named **peer.log**. Comtrol Technical Support may ask you to run **Peer** in order to help diagnose reported problems.

Peer Tracer does not appear in most Comtrol program groups and you may need to start the application from the Windows Explorer. Use the table below to determine whether you can start **Peer** from a program group or where to locate the executable.

Product	Operating System	Starting Peer
DeviceMaster RTS, RocketPort Serial Hub <i>ia</i> , RocketPort Serial Hub <i>Si</i>		\WINNT\system32\rpshSi\peer.exe
RocketModem and RocketPort	Windows NT	\WINNT\system32\rocket\Peer.exe
RocketModem and RocketPort	Windows 2000, Windows XP	Comtrol Utilities

Starting Peer

	To start Peer, you ma the Windows Explore specific directory, an on peer.exe or start p Comtrol Utilities pro The Peer Tracer wind right).	r, access a d double-click eer using the ogram group.
Log Functions	All logging functions Log to Disk from the I Clear Disk Log, Clea	are found under the File menu. To start keeping a log, select File menu. The other options on this menu are View Disk Log, ar Screen, and Exit.
Using Peer	To use peer, simply type in commands at the : prompt . (It may be necessary to press Enter to make the : prompt appear.) For example, to examine COM5, type: PORT COM5 <enter></enter>	
	To gather some infor return details about	mation about the port, type: STAT <enter></enter> . This should the port.
	To turn on monitorin	ng of any calls into driver (events), type: MON EV <enter></enter>
	To send strings and "ATH0" to a modem- appended to each str	commands to attached peripherals—for example, to send —type: SEND ATH0 <enter></enter> . A return and linefeed are always ring sent.
Other Peer Commands	Enter commands at	the : prompt and follow each command with Enter.
Commanus	Command	Effect
	MON TX	Monitor data being transmitted through the selected port.
	MON RX	Monitor data being received through the selected port.
	Μ	Turn off all monitoring.
	?	Display Peer Tracer command summary.
	PORT COMxx	Change port being examined to COMxx.
	Koon in mind that a	I commands are presessed in the device driver and that B een

Keep in mind that all commands are processed in the device driver, and that **Peer** simply acts as a conduit for this information.

For more information, see the **Peer.hlp** help file.

Using Freeport

FreePort is an application utility that provides a simple mechanism to communicate to the NS-Link device driver that it should request the physical device to close the physical ports which are associated with the specified logical ports.

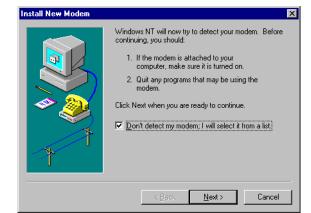
See the **Freeport.cpp** file (bundled with the driver) for a simple example on how other applications could implement this capability themselves. The **Freeport.cpp** file can be found in the C:\WINNT\System32\RpshSi subdirectory after driver installation.

Windows NT Configuration Overview

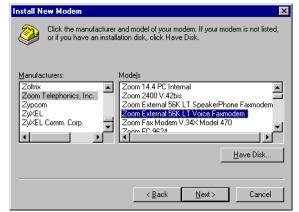
Configuring Modems

	After installing the hardware and driver for Windows NT, you can use this discussion to configure modem COM ports.
	The Comtrol device can support any asynchronous serial modem for use by any application that uses TAPI. For information regarding port pinouts and signals, see <i>Locating Hardware Installation Documentation</i> on Page 5.
Working with NT RAS	 Comtrol products are frequently used to provide Dial-Up Networking access with NT RAS (Remote Access Service). If RAS is <i>not</i> installed, note that you must install at least one RAS-capable device (for example, modem) before installing and configuring RAS.
	• If RAS <i>is</i> installed, note that the modem installation process automatically launches RAS Setup after modem installation is complete.
Installing Modems	The following instructions were developed using Comtrol modem products. If you are using another brand of modem, note that some prompts and window descriptions may differ from those shown.
	Follow these steps:
	1. Connect the modem to the desired port.
	2. Power up the modem.
	3. Open the Control Panel window.
	4. Double-click the Modems icon.
	If you have no other modems installed, skip to <u>Step 5</u> .
	If you have already installed another modem, the Modems Properties window displays. Select the Add button.
	Modems Properties
	General
	The following modems are set up on this computer:
	Modem Attached To
	Standard Modem COM1
	Add Bemove
	Dialing from: New Location
	Use Dialing Properties to modify how your calls are dialed.
	Dialing Properties
	Close Cancel

5. Check the "Don't detect my modem..." box and select Next.



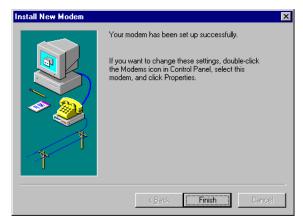
- **Note:** While Windows NT can automatically detect modems, we advise against using this option as auto-detect feature may cause some multiprocessor systems to lock up, and the modems may be installed in reverse order.
- 6. Select the appropriate manufacturer and model and select **OK**. If the correct manufacturer and model do not appear on the list, select **Have Disk** to install software from a manufacturer-supplied installation diskette.



7. Select the COM port number.

Install New Modem	×
	You have selected the following modem: Zoom External 56K LT Voice Faxmodem On which ports do you want to install it?
	C All ports C Selected ports COM1 COM2 COM2
7	COM4 COM5 COM6
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel

8. Select Finish. The modem software is installed on the selected ports.



Depending on prior configuration, you may be asked to enter your country of use, area code, the number you dial to get an outside line, and whether you have tone or pulse dialing at this time.

- 9. If you need to configure modem properties (maximum baud rate, data bits, parity, and so on), select the Properties button, make the needed changes, then select OK to return to this window.
 - *Note:* For help configuring modem properties, see the Windows Help System.
- 10. If you need to configure dialing properties (country, area code, calling card number, and so on), select the **Dialing Properties** button, make the needed changes, then select OK to return to this window.
- 11. Select Close.

Modems Properties 🔗 🔀
General
The following modems are set up on this computer:
Modem Attached To
Standard Modem COM1
Zoom External 56K LT Voice Faxmodem COM2
Zoom External 56K LT Voice Faxmode COM3
Add <u>R</u> emove <u>Properties</u>
Dialing Preferences
Dialing from: New Location
Use Dialing Properties to modify how your calls are dialed.
Dialing Properties
Close Cancel

Further Modem

At this point:

- If you are not using RAS, you are now finished. Reboot the system so that your changes take effect and resume normal operations.
- If you plan to use RAS but do not have it installed yet, reboot your system, then go to *Installing RAS Initially* on Page 48.
- If you already have RAS installed and configured, this dialog box displays.

Modem S	etup 🖉
ৃ	Dial-up Networking needs to be configured because the list of installed modems has changed. Would you like to do this now?
	Yes No

If you do *not* want to configure this modem for use with RAS at this time, select No, then reboot and resume normal operations.

If you *do* want to configure this modem for use with RAS, do *not* reboot. Instead, select Yes, then go directly to Adding or Reconfiguring a RAS Device on Page 49

Configuration

Installing and Configuring RAS

After installing the hardware and driver, and installing and configuring at least one RAS device (for example, a modem), use this section to install and configure Remote Access Service (RAS).

Installing RAS Initially

If you have not previously installed RAS in your Windows NT system, log into the system with Administrative rights and follow these steps:

Note: This example shows how to install and configure RAS for use with modems, but you can use it as a guide to setting up other serial devices.

1. Open the Control Panel and start the **Network** applet, or right-click on the Network Neighborhood and select **Properties**.

letwork	? ×
Identificat	ion Services Protocols Adapters Bindings
	Windows uses the following information to identify your computer on the network. You may change the name for this computer and the workgroup or domain that it will appear in.

2. Select the Services tab and select the Add button.

etwork			?
Identification	Services Protoco	ls Adapters Bindi	ngs
<u>N</u> etwork Serv	rices:		
Compute NetBIOS RPC Cor Server Vorkstat	Interface nfiguration		
<u>A</u> dd	<u>R</u> emove	Properties	∐pdate
Description: Distributed p service.		r running the Comput	er Browser
		OK	Cancel

3. Highlight **Remote Access Service** and select the **OK** button.

Select No	etwork Service			?	×
	Click the Network Service you have an installation of				f
<u>N</u> etwork	Service:				
📇 Mici	rosoft TCP/IP Printing			4	
	BIOS Interface				-1
	work Monitor Agent			-	-
	work Monitor Tools and Ag	ent			Disk.
	note Access Service				
I P Pos	natabaat Caruiaa				-
				<u>H</u> ave Disk	
				-	_
			OK	Cancel	

 Enter the location of the Windows NT files (for example, d:\i386) and press the Continue button.

The appropriate files are copied onto your hard drive.

The RAS installation process automatically launches the Add RAS Device process. Go to <u>Adding or Reconfiguring a RAS</u> <u>Device</u> on Page 49, <u>Step 5</u>.

Insert D	isk	X
f	Insert disk with software provided by the software or hardware manufacturer. If the files can be found at a different location, for example on another drive type a new path to the files below.	OK Cancel
	d:\i386	

Note: If you install or reinstall RAS from your original Windows NT 4.0 distribution media, you must install or reinstall the latest Windows NT Service Pack **after** installing / reinstalling RAS. This is necessary because most Service Packs include RAS-related files that are newer than the files on the NT distribution media.

There are several different ways to start this procedure:

- If you have previously installed RAS and configured at least one RAS device, and are now adding or reconfiguring RAS devices, begin with <u>Step 1</u>.
- If you have previously installed RAS and were in the process of installing a modem when this process started automatically, begin with <u>Step 3</u>.
- If you were in the process of installing RAS when this process started automatically, begin with <u>Step 5</u>.

Follow these steps:

1. Open the Control Panel and start the Network applet, or right-click on the Network Neighborhood and select Properties. The Network window displays.

P	letwork	? 🗙
	Identifica	tion Services Protocols Adapters Bindings
		Windows uses the following information to identify your computer on the network. You may change the name for this computer and the workgroup or domain that it will appear in.

- 2. Select the Services tab.
- 3. Highlight **Remote Access Service** and select the **Properties** button.

etwork			?
Identification Se	ervices Protocol:	s Adapters Bind	dings
Network Service	es:		
Computer E NetBIOS In Remote Ac RPC Config Server Workstation	terface cess Service juration		
Add Description: Enables users network.	<u>R</u> emove	Properties	Update
		Close	Cancel

Adding or Reconfiguring a RAS Device

To reconfigure an existing RAS port, highlight the port/device and select the 4. Configure button. Then go to Step 7.

Remote Acc	ess Setup		×
<u>P</u> ort	Device	Туре	
COM1	Standard Modem	Modem (unimodem)	Continue
			Cancel
			<u>N</u> etwork
			<u>H</u> elp
<u>A</u> dd	<u>R</u> emove <u>C</u> onfigure	Clone	

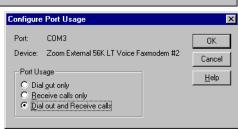
- 5. To add a new RAS device-for example, if you are configuring a new modem—select the Add button. The Add RAS Device window displays:
- Use the droplist to select the COM 6. port (modem) that you want to configure and select the OK button.



Note: If no modems appear on this list, you need to install a modem, see Installing Modems on Page 45.

The Remote Access Setup window displays again.	Remote Acc	×		
willdow displays again.	Port	Device	Туре	
	COM1	Standard Modem	Modem (unimodem)	Continue
	СОМЗ	Zoom External 56K LT V	sice Modem (unimodem)	Cancel Network
				<u>H</u> elp
	<u>A</u> dd	<u>R</u> emove <u>C</u> onfigure.	Clone	-
Highlight the desired	oct the	Configure Port Usag	e	×

- 7. Highlight the desired COM port (Modem) and select the Configure button. The Configure Port Usage window displays.
- Select the appropriate radio button, 8. based on the role the modem will perform, and select the OK button.
 - Note: When configuring multiple simultaneous RAS dial-in



ports, configure the ports to "Receive calls only" not "Dial out and Receive." Configuring a port to dial-out requires a separate memory pool for each dial-out port, while all ports configured for receive-only share the same memory pool.

If you configure too many ports for dial-out unnecessarily, resources can become an issue. If you require dial-out on the RAS server, configure one port to "Dial out and Receive" and all the other ports to "Receive calls only."

	The Remote Access Setup window displays again.	Remote Acces	ss Setup			×
	window displays again.	<u>P</u> ort	Device		Туре	
		COM1	Standard		Modem (unimodem)	Continue
		COM3	Zoom Ext	ernal 56K LT Voice.	Modem (unimodem)	Cancel
						Network
						Help
		<u>A</u> dd	<u>R</u> emove	<u>C</u> onfigure	Clone	
9.	Highlight the COM port (modem) again and select the button.	e Network	ζ.	Network Configuent		OK
10.	Select the appropriate dial o dial in protocols, logon secur enable multilink (if required OK .	ity levels	,	ICP/IP IP× Server Settings	x	Cancel <u>H</u> elp
	Note: Only previously config are selectable. If you u protocol that is grayed first add it using the I Protocols tab.	vant to sei l out, you	t up a	Allow remote cl NetBEL TCP/IF IPX Encryption sett	Ul <u>C</u> onfigure	
	If you selected "Receive calls ports while configuring the p "Dial out Protocols" area will	ort usage	e, the	O Allow <u>a</u> O Require ⊙ Require	ny authentication including e encrypted authentication e Microsoft encrypted authe	
	If you want to use Multilink (bonding), make sure that yo Enable Multilink checkbox.		he	Enable Mu	Require <u>d</u> ata encryption tiļink	
	For detailed information abo configuration windows, use t (Support/books/server.hlp file	he Help l			dows NT CD-	ROM

- *Note:* The following steps are dependent upon the protocol selections made in this window.
- 11. If you select NetBEUI on the Network Configuration window, the following window displays. Make the appropriate selection for your environment and select OK.

RAS Server NetBEUI Configuration	×
Allow remote NetBEUI clients to access:	ОК
Entire <u>n</u> etwork This computer only	Cancel
S This comparer only	<u>H</u> elp

12. If you select TCP/IP, the following window displays. Make the appropriate selections for your environment and press **OK**.

Allow remote TCP/IP clients to access:	ОК
Entire network	
C This computer only	Cance
	<u>H</u> elp
Use <u>D</u> HCP to assign remote TCP/IP client addresses	
Use <u>s</u> tatic address pool:	
<u>B</u> egin: 0 . 0 . 0 . 0 <u>E</u> nd: 0 . 0 . 0 . 0	
E <u>x</u> cluded ranges	
Erom:	
Ια	
<u>10.</u>	
Add > < Remove	

- 13. If you select IPX, the following window displays. Make the appropriate selection for your environment and press **OK**.
- 14. Select **OK** to exit the Network Configuration window and return to the Remote Access Setup window.
 - *Note:* Choices made during network configuration will effect the entire system.
- 15. If you want to duplicate the configuration you just created on any other COM port (modem), highlight the COM port number and select **Clone**. Otherwise, repeat <u>Steps 7</u> through 14 for each COM port (modem) you want to set up.

RAS Server IPX Configuration	×
Allow remote IPX clients to access:	OK Cancel Help
Allocate network numbers automatically Allocate network numbers: Erom: To	<u></u>
Assign same network number to all IPX clie	

- 16. After setting up all the COM ports, select the Continue button.
- 17. Select the **Close** button at the Network/Services tab to complete the RAS installation.
- 18. Select Yes when asked to reboot the computer. Windows NT RAS installation is complete.
- 19. If necessary, install the latest NT Service Pack or Packs from Microsoft.

Configuring Printers

Use this subsection to configure printers for the Comtrol device after installing the hardware and driver.

Adding Serial Printers

Follow these steps to configure a serial printer in Windows NT:

- 1. Connect the printer to the desired port. Use a DTE-to-DTE null modem cable unless the printer maker specifies otherwise.
- 2. Open the **Printers** control panel and double-click on the **Add Printer** icon.
- 3. Select the My Computer checkbox, then the Next button.



📴 P	rinter	s		_ 🗆 ×
<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit	⊻iew	<u>H</u> elp	
Ad	d Print	er]		
1 obje	ect(s)			li.

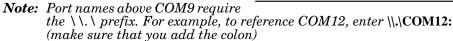
- 4. If the desired COM port is on this window, select it, select on the Next button, and skip to <u>Step 6</u>.
- 5. If the desired COM port is not on this list, select the **Add Port** button and follow these steps:

dd Printer Wizard			×
			t(s) you want to use. lable checked port.
	Port	Description	Printer 🔺
	LPT1:	Local Port	
\sim (LPT2:	Local Port	
	LPT3:	Local Port	
	□ сом1:	Local Port	
	□ сом2:	Local Port	
	СОМЗ:	Local Port	-
	Add Por <u>t</u>	pooling	<u>C</u> onfigure Port
	< <u>B</u> a	ck <u>N</u> ext:	Cancel

- a. A list of printer ports is displayed. Select Local Port.
- b. Select New Port.
- c. Type in the name of the port.

Port Name	×
Enter a port name:	OK
\\.\com12	Cancel
	Help

Printer Ports		? >
Available Printer Ports:		
Digital Network Port Lexmark DLC Network Port Lexmark TCP/IP Network Po	rt	
Local Port		
I		
		<u>N</u> ew Monitor
[New <u>P</u> ort	Cancel



- d. Select the **OK** button.
- e. Select the Close button to return to the Add Printer Wizard.
- f. Select the Next button.

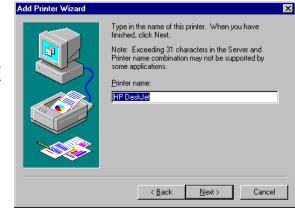
Add Printer Wizard			×
			rt(s) you want to use. ailable checked port.
	Port	Description	Printer 🔺
	СОМ2:	Local Port	
	🗆 сомз:	Local Port	
	🗆 СОМ4:	Local Port	
	FILE:	Local Port	
	Serial print	Local Port	_
	Add Port.		<u>C</u> onfigure Port
	Enable printe	er pooling	
	< <u>B</u>	ack <u>N</u> ext	> Cancel

6. Select the printer make and model and select the Next button.

If your printer is not on the make and model lists, but you have a manufacturer-supplied printer diskette, select the **Have Disk** button.

If you have already installed another printer using this driver, you are asked if you want to keep the existing driver.

7. To keep driver: check **Keep** existing driver, select **Next**, and go to <u>Step 8</u>.



If you choose **Replace existing driver**, or if you have not previously installed this driver, you are prompted to insert either the Windows NT CD-ROM or the manufacturer's printer diskette. Do so and select **Next**.

- 8. Select whether you want this printer to be the Windows NT default printer, and select on the **Next** button.
- 9. Select whether or not you want to share this printer with other computers on the network. If you select **Shared**, you are asked to indicate the operating systems of all the computers that will be sharing this

Add Printer Wizard	Type in the name of this printer. When you have finished, click Next. Note: Exceeding 31 characters in the Server and Printer name combination may not be supported by some applications. Printer name:
	< Back Next > Cancel

printer. (You may also be required to insert the operating system media so that Windows NT can extract the necessary driver files.)

10. Select whether to print a test page and select on the Finish button.

You are now ready to begin using the printer. No reboot is needed.

Changing Printer Port Configuration If the printer does not successfully print the test page, it may be necessary to change the port baud rate, parity, and so on. If the Ports applet does not configure the port properly, you may have to use the **mode** command from a DOS prompt. Also, check the printer for DIP switches or other hardware configuration options.

Changing Printer Port Assignment To change the port assigned to a printer, follow these steps:

- 1. Open the Printers control panel.
- 2. Right-click on the icon for the printer you want to change.
- 3. Select the **Properties** option from the menu. The Properties window is displayed.
- 4. Select the **Ports** tab.

Note: The Properties window also gives you access to printer test and setup options that can be very helpful when debugging a serial printer installation.

5. Check the port you want to switch to. Remember to change your cabling accordingly.

Note: The Configure button on the Ports tab does not recognize Comtrol ports. This is a limitation of Windows NT. If you need to reconfigure the port, use the Ports option on the Control Panel.

6. Select on the **OK** button. Any changes you make take effect immediately. No reboot is needed.

Troubleshooting and Technical Support

This section contains troubleshooting information for your Comtrol device. You should review the following subsections before calling Technical Support because they will request that you perform many of the procedures or verifications before they will be able to help you diagnose a problem.

- Troubleshooting checklist
- <u>General Troubleshooting</u> on Page 58
- <u>NS-Link Driver Troubleshooting</u> on Page 59
- <u>Daisy-Chaining DeviceMaster RTS 4/8/16 Units</u> on Page 60

If you cannot diagnose the problem, you can contact <u>Technical Support</u> on Page 61.

Troubleshooting Checklist

The following checklist may help you diagnose your problem:

- Verify that you are using the correct types of cables on the correct connectors and that all cables are connected securely using the hardware documentation.
 - *Note:* Most customer problems reported to Comtrol Technical Support are eventually traced to cabling or network problems.

Isolate the unit from the network by connecting the device directly to a NIC in a host system.

Product Type	Connected to	Ethernet Cable	Connector	
DeviceMaster RTS 1	Ethernet hub or NIC	Standard	10/100 ETHERNET	
DeviceMaster RTS 1 Embedded	Ethernet hub or NIC	Standard	RJ45 port	
DeviceMaster RTS 4/8/	NIC	Standard	DOWN	
16 with external power supply	Ethernet hub	Standard	UP	
DeviceMaster 16/32RM with internal power supply	Ethernet hub or NIC	Standard	10/100 NETWORK	
RocketPort Serial Hub	NIC	Crossover	Network	
ia	Ethernet hub	Standard	Network	
RocketPort Serial Hub	NIC	Crossover	10/100BASE-T	
Si (2-Port)	Ethernet hub	Standard	10/1000/001-1	

• Verify that the Ethernet hub and any other network devices between the system and the Comtrol device are powered up and operating.

Product Type	PWR or Status LED	Description
	5 sec off, 3 flashes, 5 sec off, 3 flashes	Redboot checksum failure.
DeviceMaster RTS 1 1 Embedded	5 sec off, 4 flashes, 5 sec off, 4 flashes	SREC load failure.
4/8/16 (2 Ethernet ports) 16/32RM	5 quick flashes	The default application is starting up.
	10 sec on, .1 sec off, 10 sec on .1 sec off	The default application is running.
RocketPort Serial Hub ia	Flashing	Bootloader is running.
RocketPort Serial Hub Si (2-Port, only)	On	Firmware (rpshsi2p.bin) is running.

Reset the power on the Comtrol device and watch the PWR or Status light activity.

- If the device has a power switch, turn the device's power switch off and on, while watching the LED diagnostics.
 - If the unit does not have a power switch, disconnect and reconnect the power cord.
- Verify that the hardware MAC address in NS-Link matches the address on the Comtrol device.
- Verify that the network IP address is correct. If IP addressing is being used, the system should be able to ping the Comtrol device.
- Verify that the IP address programmed into the Comtrol device matches the unique reserved IP configured address assigned by the system administrator.
- If using a driver for Microsoft systems, verify that you are addressing the port correctly. In many applications, device names above COM9 require the prefix \\.\ in order to be recognized. For example, to reference COM20, use \\.\COM20 as the file or port name.
- If using NS-Link for a Microsoft system, you can use one of the tools bundled with the drivers:
 - Test Terminal program (**wcom32.exe**), which can be used to troubleshoot communications on a port-by-port basis.
 - Port Monitor program (**portmon.exe**), which checks for errors, modem control, and status signals. In addition, it provides you with raw byte input and output counts.
 - Device Advisor, which helps identify problems is a tab in the **Device** window of the driver.
 - If Windows NT, Peer Tracer program (peer.exe), which traces driver events.
- If using NS-Link for Windows NT hosts, enable the Verbose Event Log feature under the Setup Options tab and then reboot the system.
- Reboot the system and the Comtrol device.
- Remove and reinstall NS-Link.
- If you have a spare Comtrol device, try replacing the device.

General Troubleshooting

General Condition	Explanation/Action		
	Indicates that boot program has not downloaded to the unit.		
	1. Make sure that you have downloaded the most current driver from <u>http://</u> <u>support.comtrol.com/download.asp</u> .		
PWR or Status LED	2. Install the driver and configure the device using the MAC address. Make sure that you reboot the system.		
flashing	Note: If the PWR or Status LED is still flashing, contact Technical Support.		
	3. If you want to program an IP address into the Comtrol device, you can use the procedure outlined in <u>NS-Link Driver</u> <u>Troubleshooting</u> on Page 59.		
	4. Remove the NS-Link driver.		
PWR or Status LED not lit	Indicates that power has not been applied or there is a hardware failure. Contact Technical Support.		
	The NS-Link driver uses Port 4606 (11FE h) to communicate with the Comtrol device.		
Can ping the Comtrol device, but cannot open the ports from a remote location.	When using a "sniffer" to track NS-Link packets, filtering for Port 4606 will easily track the packet. The packet should also contain the MAC address of the device and the originating PC so that it can be determined if the packet is able to travel the full distance one way or not.		
(You must have previously programmed the IP address, subnet mask, and IP gateway.)	If the 4606 packet is found on one side of a firewall or router, using sniffer, and not on the other side, then that port needs to be opened up to allow the 4606 to pass.		
	This will most often be seen with firewalls, but is not uncommon in some routers.		
Cannot ping the device through Ethernet hub	Isolate the unit from the network. Connect the device directly to the NIC in the host system (see Page 56).		
	The default IP address is often not accessible due to the subnet masking from another network unless 192.168 is used in the network.		
Connot ning or connoct	In most cases, it will be necessary to program in an address that conforms to your network.		
Cannot ping or connect to the DeviceMaster RTS.	If you do not use the NS-Link driver to program the IP address, you only have 15 seconds to disable the bootloader with Redboot to get into the setup utility.		
	See <u>ftp://ftp.comtrol.com/Dev_Mstr/RTS/</u> <u>RTS_Library.pdf</u> for the Redboot method of programming an IP address.		

This table illustrates some general troubleshooting tips.

Note: Make sure that you have reviewed the <u>Troubleshooting Checklist</u> on Page 56.

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NS-Link Driver Troubleshooting

NS-Link Condition	Explanation/Action		
	Before programming an IP address it is critical that the unit be operational and passes the power on tests when configured for the MAC address.		
	Note: If the unit is NOT operational, do NOT attempt to program or use an IP address with the unit.		
	This is a general procedure for drivers on Microsoft operating systems.		
	1. In the Comtrol Setup, highlight the Comtrol device		
	2. Select Properties .		
	3. Select IP Programming .		
Need to program IP address into the	4. Select Retrieve and confirm or modify addresses as necessary.		
device.	Note: Enter in all 3 categories. The unit must have Address, Mask and Gateway IP values entered		
	5. Select Program.		
	6. Select Reset - power LED should begin blinking.		
	7. Select Device Setup.		
	8. Uncheck MAC.		
	9. Check IP and enter IP number that you configured earlier.		
	10. Select Ok (several times) and reboot the system.		
	IP addressing will now be in effect.		
	1. Verify that MAC address in the NS-Link driver matches the address on the Comtrol device.		
Cannot open port	2. Verify that you are using the correct NS-Link driver. I necessary, remove and reinstall a new driver.		
	3. Isolate the unit from the network (see Page 56).		
	4. Check to see if another program or computer is active on this port.		
The Comtrol device has a lower	At this speed the entire available bandwidth is required for the purpose of uploading the firmware from the driver to the Comtrol device. At lower speeds, timing issues will prevent the firmware from being successfully installed to the Comtrol device, thus preventing the device from normal operation.		
limitation of network bandwidth requirement of 64	When using the Comtrol device over a WAN link that is less than the recommended 64 Kbps, a timing modification may be made that will allow uploading of the firmware.		
Kbps.	Load the driver locally to the device for the purpose of getting the firmware installed. The PC on the other side of the slow link can then "share" the port. The sharing may be exclusive as the firmware loader PC may not need to access the ports.		

This table includes some tips related to NS-Link drivers.

Daisy-Chaining DeviceMaster RTS 4/8/16 Units

The DeviceMaster RTS 4/8/16 models with external power supplies follow the IEEE specifications for standard Ethernet topologies.

When using the **UP** and **DOWN** ports, the DeviceMaster RTS 4/8/16 is classified as a switch. When using the **UP** port only, it is a simple end node device.

The maximum number of DeviceMaster RTS 4/8/16 units, and the maximum distance between units is based on the Ethernet standards and will be determined by your own environment and the conformity of your network to these standards.

Comtrol has tested with seven DeviceMaster RTS 4/8/16 units daisy-chained together using 10 foot CAT5 cables, but this is not the theoretical limit. You may experience a performance hit on the devices at the end of the chain, so it is recommended that you overload and test for performance in your environment. The OS and the application may also limit the total number of ports that may be installed.

Following are some quick guidelines and URLs of additional information. Please note that standards and URLs do change.

- Ethernet 10BASE-T Rules
 - The maximum number of repeater hops is four.
 - You can use Category 3 or 5 twisted-pair 10BASE-T cables.
 - The maximum length of each cable is 100m (328ft).
 - **Note:** Category 3 or 5 twisted pair cables look the same as telephone cables but they are not the same. The network will not work if telephone cables are used to connect the equipment.
- Fast Ethernet 100BASE-TX rules
 - The maximum number of repeater hops is two (for a Class II hub). A Class II hub can be connected directly to one other Class II Fast Ethernet hub. A Class I hub cannot be connected directly to another Fast Ethernet hub.
 - You must use Category 5 twisted-pair 100BASE-TX cables.
 - The maximum length of each twisted-pair cable is 100m (328ft).
 - The total length of twisted-pair cabling (across directly connected hubs) must not exceed 205m (672ft).

Note: Category 5 twisted pair cables look the same as telephone cables but they are not the same. The network will not work if telephone cables are used to connect the equipment.

- IEEE 802.3 specification: A network using repeaters between communicating stations (PCs) is subject to the "5-4-3" rule of repeater placement on the network:
 - Five segments connected on the network.
 - Four repeaters.
 - Three segments of the 5 segments can have stations connected. The other two segments must be inter-repeater link segments with no stations connected.

See <u>http://www.optronics.gr/Tutorials/ethernet.htm</u> for more specific information.

Additional information may be found at <u>http://compnetworking.about.com/</u> <u>cs/ethernet1/</u> or by searching the web.

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Technical Support

Contact Method	Corporate Headquarters	Comtrol Europe	
FAQ/Online	http://support.comtrol.com/support.asp		
Downloads	http://support.comtrol.com/download.asp		
Email	support@comtrol.com	support@comtrol.co.uk	
Web site	http://www.comtrol.com	http://www.comtrol.co.uk	
Fax	(763) 494-4199	+44 (0) 1 869-323-211	
Phone	(763) 494-4100	+44 (0) 1 869-323-220	

If you need technical support, contact Comtrol using one of the following methods.

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